

SHOULD MAKE A MILLION FOR HIM

Cincinnati man discovers drug that loosens corns so they lift out.

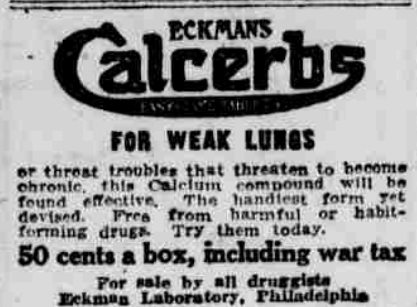
Local druggists are having a tremendous call for frezone, the drug which is said to shrivel a corn, root and all, without any pain.

A few drops of frezone applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness at once, and shortly the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out with the fingers.

This new drug is being dispensed at small cost in quarter ounce bottles, which is sufficient to take off every hard or soft corn from one's feet. It is a sticky substance which dries at once, and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue or skin. There is no excuse for anyone inviting death by infection or lockjaw from cutting their corns now.—(Adv.)



KINKY HAIR
BECOMES LIKE PICTURES
Fluffy, Soft, Silky, Long
By Using Herolin
POMADE HAIR DRESSING
Pleasantly perfumed, not sticky, Herolin stimulates and nourishes the roots of the hair causing wavy, coarse, stubborn, kinky or short hair to grow soft, long, silky, easy to manage, so you can do it up in any style. Removes Dandruff and Stops ITCHING SCALP.
Don't be fooled. Be sure you get Herolin.
Sold by Drug Stores or
SEND 25 CENTS (stamp or coin) for a big box of Herolin Medicine Co., Atlanta, Georgia
AGENTS WANTED Write for Terms



Calcerbs
FOR WEAK LUNGS
or throat troubles that threaten to become chronic, this Calcerbs compound will be found effective. The handiest form yet devised. Free from harmful or habit-forming drugs. Try them today.
50 cents a box, including war tax
For sale by all druggists
Eckman Laboratories, Philadelphia

FIFTY THOUSAND ARE SLACKERS

Provost Marshal Crowder Estimates That Number Have Escaped Service.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Fifty thousand real slackers in the United States, is Provost Marshal-General Crowder's estimate in his report to Secretary Baker. That calculation supposes that ten men in each registration district have escaped service without being caught.

While a few more than 250,000 of the more than 3,000,000 registered men failed to appear when called for examination, Gen. Crowder estimates that 85,000 of them have gone into military service without notifying local boards.

"This leaves more than 150,000 to be accounted for," says the provost marshal-general. Were they all slackers?

Gen. Crowder answers his own question by estimating that they probably are not real slackers because 100,000 probably are aliens. This, he estimates, leaves about 50,000 real slackers to be accounted for. Only a few more than 16,000 have been identified and a few more than 2,000 have been prosecuted.

The report shows that 925 Germans of draft age have been accepted for service in the national army. A total of 14,161 enemy aliens were accepted, the remainder being Austrians or Hungarians. The enemy alien registration was 279,431, of whom 104,672 were called to produce the 14,161 accepted. All aliens accepted make a total of 76,545.

DANIELS DECLINES TO DISCLOSE REPORT

Details as to Loss of American Transport Antilles Sealed Story for the Present.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Secretary Daniels declined today to disclose any information regarding the inquiry into the loss of the American army transport Antilles recently torpedoed with considerable loss of life. Only meagre details of the loss have been made public.

Admiral Benson yesterday told the house naval committee it was due in part to the convoy arrangement. It is known, however, that after an investigation Rear Admiral William B. Fletcher, formerly in charge of the American conveying forces in French

SHE IS THE BRIDE OF U. S. DIPLOMAT



LADY WINIFRED PENNOYER

Lady Pennoyer, daughter of the late Lord Alex. Paget, was recently married to R. E. Pennoyer, second secretary of the American embassy in London. She was the widow of Capt. Lord Ingestre, who died in the service in 1915. Her son is the heir of the Earldom of Shrewsbury.

waters, was recalled to the United States. There appears, however, to be some question here as to the number of war vessels furnished to him for convey by Vice-Admiral Sims. There is no available official record to show that the recall of Admiral Fletcher was connected with the disaster.

Secretary Baker, in the war department apparently takes the same position as does Secretary Daniels in regard to removal of officers from important posts. He has made no explanation as yet of the recall of Maj. Gen. Sibert, commanding the first division of American troops sent to France, and has requested that no speculation as to the reason behind the recall of high officers be indulged in. So far as known, however, the only purpose of the request is to protect the feelings of the individual officer, and not the concealment of military information that might be of value to the enemy.

REDUCTION OF RATES ON LIVE STOCK ORDERED

Washington, Jan. 4.—Reduction of about 10 per cent. in rates on live stock from East St. Louis, Ohio river crossings and points in Kentucky and Tennessee to Birmingham and Montgomery, Ala., were ordered today by the interstate commerce commission.

CHAMBERLAIN COMMITTEE BENEFIT FROM ARMY SUPPLY CONTRACTS

Senators McKellar and Weeks Lead in Stiff Inquiry. Vice-Chairman Eisenman Resentful—Defense Act May Be Amended to Abolish Boards.

Washington, Jan. 4.—In further investigation of clothing and other army supply contracts negotiated by the civilian supplies committee of the council of national defense, the senate military committee yesterday received from Charles Eisenman, vice-chairman of the contracting committee, a statement of merchandise bought from firms whose members or employees are or were connected with the committee.

Of supplies worth about \$800,000,000 bought during the last eight months Mr. Eisenman's statement discloses that \$123,830,000 worth came from such concerns, but that all except \$14,820,064 worth was contracted for before the contractors' representatives became connected with the committee.

Before presenting the statement asked for by Senator McKellar Wednesday, Eisenman, in concluding his testimony, staunchly defended the committee's work, upheld the policy of secrecy in advance of letting contracts, and again insisted that the men given the much-discussed scrap sorting contract would have been limited to a nominal profit.

Members of the military committee last night were prepared to launch legislation as the first results of the inquiry. Chairman Chamberlain plans to introduce today a bill to create a new cabinet member known as the secretary of munitions, to have entire charge of all war materials purchasing. It is promised virtually unanimous committee support.

Another bill which Senator McKellar plans to introduce as a result of the investigation would amend the national defense act creating the council of national defense so as to abolish all civilian advisory committees and prohibit the council from making any agents from being directly or indirectly interested in the supply of contracts. The committees already have been abolished, but some of their members are serving the departments as expert advisers.

Nine firms were named in Mr. Eisenman's statement as being among those who had received army supply orders from the committee and whose receipts were valued at \$1,000,000 or more. The firms named, their representatives on the committee, the amount of the contracts received and the total of contracts for the kind of merchandise in which they were interested follow: The Woolen Goods Company, E. H. Edington, \$92,755,000, \$335,692,000. Wellington Sears & Co., Mr. Bailey, \$5,575,000, \$101,372,000. William Iselin & Co., Lincoln Cromwell, \$1,020,000, \$74,827,000. J. Spencer Turner, A. L. Scott, \$5,437,000, \$101,372,000. Turner, Halsey company, A. L. Scott, \$5,239,000, \$102,370,000. United States Rubber company, A. W. Lawrence, \$3,742,000, \$36,579,000. W. H. McElwain company, J. F. McElwain, \$6,330,000, \$99,556,000. U. S. Bunting company, George Stevens, \$1,546,000, \$90,819,000. Cleveland Worsted company, Charles Eisenman, \$1,057,000, \$149,385,000.

Of the contracts given the Cleveland Worsted company, of which Mr. Eisenman is a stockholder, it was stated that only \$45,700 worth was negotiated after the supplies committee was formed. During his explanation of the committee's work, Eisenman again vigorously resented what he termed questions impugning his motives and insinuating, and clashed with Senators Weeks and McKellar.

Talked Till "Blue in the Face." Testimony supporting Eisenman's contention that quality of army clothing had not been lowered by his orders for use of more reworked wool or shoddy in the cloth was given by Michael E. Driscoll, an expert wool manufacturer, of Hartford, N. J., who said the new cloth virtually is as warm and durable. He said, however, that the German uniform is 50 per cent. better and costlier.

Testimony regarding army shoes was heard today from E. J. Bliss, of Boston, who said about 80 per cent. of American soldiers' shoes did not fit, and charged delay by the war department in adopting a correct shoe-fitting device.

Inquiry into the clothing question will be resumed today. At an executive session last yesterday the committee decided to expedite its investigation as much as possible and hereafter limit detailed examination of witnesses.

In resuming his testimony Mr. Eisenman read a statement regarding the scrap sorting contract given the base sorting plant to which much attention was given yesterday. He asserted that the plant's operation already has saved the government \$1,000,000, that only the government has profited, the owners making no profits and receiving no compensation for their operation. The plant were said to be the most competent. Its purpose, he added, was to stabilize rag prices and prevent profiteering in scraps.

During the examination Senator McKellar said:

"I think you have no right to make contracts for the department and have been violating the law all the time in making them."

Eisenman replied that he assumed responsibility for anything done by the supplies committee.

Senator Wadsworth discussed the policy of secrecy regarding contracts made by the supplies committee and produced correspondence to show that a request by a Rochester rag merchant for a copy of the scrap contract had been ignored.

"This is an illustration of how these accusations and suspicions arise and I question the good of that policy of secrecy," said the New York senator.

The witness insisted that the enormous task of the supply purchasing work did not allow time for ordinary "refinements and niceties of business," although he said he had talked with rag merchants until he was "blue in the face."

Senator Frelinghuysen said he understood the department of justice had advised the navy department that secrecy regarding government contracts let as illegal, adding "this policy of secrecy is unwise, unbusinesslike and contrary to American business methods and practices."

Eisenman offered to ask firms given contracts if they disapproved of the secrecy policy.

"Of course, the firms with which you dealt secretly would approve," said Senator McKellar. "It's not fair to have my motives impugned." Eisenman replied heatedly. "I was called yesterday for protesting and I am willing to be called down again. You can have all my records—they are all open—but I'm not willing to be insulted or have my motives impugned. We have no secret contracts."

PRETTY GOOD DODGER IS Weeks' Opinion

Senator Frelinghuysen Interrupted to Say he Refused to be "Lectured by the witness," and Senator McKellar joined in the clash.

"That was a very impudent statement," the latter said to the witness, "and if you can't conduct yourself properly I will ask the chairman—"

Chairman Chamberlain stopped the tilt by saying to Eisenman and Senator McKellar:

"I'm inclined to think you're both somewhat to blame."

Declaring he intended no unfair imputation in his remark about secret contracts of the supplies committee, Senator McKellar said:

"The witness openly defended the secret contracts. If he doesn't keep his answers in line, I'll take steps to do it myself if the committee won't."

"I am not afraid of that," Eisenman broke in and Chairman Chamberlain brusquely directed that the hearing proceed in orderly fashion.

Senator Frelinghuysen offered correspondence to show that Sol S. Strock, of the supplies committee, had overruled the quartermaster-general on a felt order, and had directed rejection of a quantity ordered from a competitor in the felt business.

Turning to the reduction of wool content ordered by the supplies committee in clothing, Senator Kirby said an effort to discredit the committee's action had been made, and asked if any complaints regarding the new clothing from officers in the field, abroad or in the cantonments had been received.

"It is a single complaint up to now," said Eisenman emphatically.

Regarding Eisenman's testimony yesterday that he had nothing to do with contracts for the manufacture of army uniforms, Senator Weeks said the latter indicated circumstances to the contrary.

"You're a very clever witness and a pretty good dodger," Senator Weeks added.

Eisenman remarked that he had heard the American Uniform company was "going sunning" for him before the committee, and added that shirting cloth it had offered, if accepted, would have cost the government \$185,000 more than it was worth.

Regarding wool offers from the National Association of Wool Growers, Frederick Edington, Eisenman's assistant, testified that wool was not offered at the government's own price,

but that the government commandeered the entire wool clip.

Of 59,000,000 pounds offered by the Boston wool dealers, Eisenman said only 40,000,000 could possibly have been used by the government, because of its quality.

"It wasn't our job, and we had no authority to buy wool," said Mr. Eisenman, disputing Senator Weeks' statement that he was advised that failure to accept the Boston offer had cost the government \$150,000,000. He added that wool was bought as soon as authority was obtained, and also that in buying cotton the committee virtually had accepted the wool, and recommended use of more substitutes to prolong the supply and avoid a shortage.

"Shortage of wool has never kept back a yard of goods," he said. "A shortage was threatened, but there always has been plenty of wool, and we recommended use of more substitutes to prolong the supply and avoid a shortage."

NORFOLK HARBOR ICE CONDITIONS SERIOUS

Water Transportation at Complete Standstill—Elizabeth River Frozen Over.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 4.—Norfolk harbor's ice conditions are the worst in years, shippers declared this morning. As a result of the situation water transportation to Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York is at a standstill. Officials of the various boat lines today did not know when their schedules could be resumed.

The James river, the Potomac, the Baltimore harbor and New York waterways were in such condition that boats from here to those points could not operate and steamers at those points for Norfolk were tied up at their docks. The Elizabeth river is frozen over.

One of the ferries between Norfolk and Berkley was taken off and the two boats plying between this city and Portsmouth were unable to maintain their schedule.

Despite the cold weather the traffic, it was stated, was about half normal.

CAMP WHEELER TO HAVE ARTILLERY TARGET RANGE

Washington, Jan. 4.—Condemnation proceedings to secure lease to a tract of land near Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., which the war department desires for use as an artillery target range, were ordered yesterday. Acting on the request of Assistant Secretary of War Crowell, Atty.-Gen. Gregory directed the federal district attorney in the southern district of Georgia to begin action. The land desired is two miles long by eight miles wide, and will be used in connection with the training of artillerymen stationed at Camp Wheeler. The war department is willing to pay \$10,000 annually for the land, and is anxious to secure the privilege of renewing the lease from year to year as long as the war lasts.

A CHILD DOESN'T LAUGH AND PLAY IF CONSTIPATED

Look, Mother! Is tongue coated, breath feverish and stomach sour?

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver, bowels.

Mother! Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels need a cleansing at once.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, &c. eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, remember, a gentle liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.

Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ills; give a teaspoonful, and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bile and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system, and you have a well and playful child again. All children love this harmless, delicious "fruit laxative," and it never fails to effect a good "inside" cleansing. Directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."—(Adv.)

ARE YOU IN DEBT?
There are times when salaried persons, through illness or other unusual circumstances, fall behind and get into debt. It seems hard to work it out and make both ends meet. This is when you need our help. Let us lend you the money at 6 per cent. to pay out. You can pay us back at the rate of \$2 a week on each \$100.

CITIZENS SAVINGS AND LOAN CORPORATION.
Volunteer Building (Dewey St. Side).

BENN MESSENGER SERVICE
Main 951 or Main 844.
Prompt and efficient service. 1 a.m. to 8 p.m. daily except Saturday, 9 a.m. Sunday we close at 1 p.m.—(Adv.)

Physicians Warn Public Against Taking Substitutes for Nuxated Iron

Say That Ordinary Metallic Iron Preparations Cannot Possibly Give the Same STRENGTH, POWER AND ENDURANCE
Besides, they may upset the digestion, disturb the secretions and thereby do far more harm than good, and that Health Officials and Physicians everywhere should caution the public against accepting these inferior products.

Dr. James Francis Sullivan, formerly Physician of Bellevue Hospital, Outdoor Department, New York, and the Westchester County Hospital, Former Health Commissioner of New York, Dr. H. B. Vall, Former Physician in the Baltimore Hospital and a Medical Examiner, Dr. A. J. Williams, Former Police Surgeon of Chicago, Dr. Ferdinand King, New York Physician and Medical Author, and others give valuable advice and information on the use of organic iron as a tonic, strength and blood builder.

Careful investigation by physicians among druggists and patients has revealed the fact that there are thousands of people taking iron who do not distinguish between organic iron and metallic iron and that such persons often fail to obtain the vital energy, strength and endurance which they seek, simply because they have taken the wrong form of iron. They seem to think iron is iron on the same theory that a potato would be a potato whether cooked or raw, entirely ignoring the fact that the cooking process makes certain important cellular changes in the potato that renders it far more easy of assimilation by the blood and tissues. No one would hardly expect to derive the same strength from eating raw potatoes that he would from eating cooked potatoes, yet according to the opinions of physicians who have made a careful study of the subject, taking raw, unprepared, metallic iron is a good deal like eating raw potatoes.

Therefore physicians advise those who feel the need of a strength and blood builder to go to their family doctor and obtain a prescription calling for organic iron—Nuxated Iron—and present this to their druggist, so that there may be no question about obtaining the proper article. But if they do not wish to go to the trouble of getting a prescription for Nuxated Iron, they are sure to look over the label and see that the words NUXATED IRON are printed thereon. Not Nux and Iron, or Nuxated Iron, or Iron, but NUXATED IRON.

The remarkable results produced by Nuxated Iron and its widespread sale (it is sold in over three million people annually) are today being used by the offering of numerous substitutes and physicians say that health officials and doctors everywhere should caution the public against accepting these inferior products.

Dr. James Francis Sullivan, formerly Physician of Bellevue Hospital, Outdoor Department, New York, and the Westchester County Hospital, Former Health Commissioner of New York, Dr. H. B. Vall, Former Physician in the Baltimore Hospital and a Medical Examiner, Dr. Ferdinand King, New York Physician and Medical Author, and others, so that the public may be informed on this subject and protected from the use of metallic iron under the delusion that it is Nuxated Iron, or at

least something as good as Nuxated Iron. In regard to the value of Nuxated Iron, Dr. Sullivan says: "In my talks to physicians I have strongly emphasized the great necessity of their making blood examinations of their weak, anemic, run-down patients. Thousands of persons can be suffering year after year, doing themselves for all kinds of ills, when the real and true cause underlying their condition is simply a lack of sufficient iron in the red blood corpuscles to enable nature to transform the food they eat into brawn muscle tissue and brain. Without iron in your blood your food merely passes through your body, something like corn through an old mill with rollers so wide apart that the mill can't grind."

But you can't make strong, vigorous, successful, sturdy iron men by feeding them on metallic iron. The old forms of metallic iron must go through a semi-digestive process to transform them into organic iron. Nuxated Iron is a natural food, and is ready to be taken up and assimilated by the human system.

Former Health Commissioner Kerr says: "From my own experience and the experience of every physician in this country, I have taken it myself and experienced its health-giving, strength-building effect, and in the interests of the public welfare I feel it my duty to make known the results of its use. I am well past my three score years and want to say that I believe my own great physical activity is due largely to my personal use of Nuxated Iron."

Dr. H. B. Vall, formerly Physician in the Baltimore Hospital, and a Medical Examiner, says: "Throughout my experience on Hospital staffs and as Medical Examiner, I have been astonished at the number of patients who have vainly sought for various diseases, when in reality their delicate, run-down condition was simply the result of lack of iron in the blood. Time and again I have prescribed organic iron—Nuxated Iron—and surprised patients at the rapidity with which the weakness and general debility were replaced by a renewed feeling of strength and vitality. I took Nuxated Iron myself to build me up after a serious case of nervous exhaustion. The effects were apparent after a few days and within three weeks it had virtually revitalized my whole system and put me in a superb physical condition."

Dr. A. J. Williams, Former Police Surgeon of Chicago, and Former House Surgeon, Jefferson Park Hospital, Chicago, says: "It has been my particular duty during the past six years to assist in keeping Chicago's five thousand blue-coats in good health and perfect fighting trim, so that they would be physically equipped to withstand all manner of storms and ravages of nature's elements. Recently I was prompted through an endorsement of Nuxated Iron by Dr. Schuyler C. Jacques, Visiting Surgeon, St. Elizabeth's Hospital, New York, to give it a trial. This remedy has proven through my own tests of it to excel any preparation I have ever used for creating red blood, building up the nerves, strengthening the muscles and correcting digestive disorders."

Dr. Ferdinand King says: "Doctors

should prescribe more organic iron—Nuxated Iron—for their nervous, run-down, weak, haggard-looking patients. Pallor means anemia. The skin of the anemic man or woman is pale, the flesh flabby, the muscles lack tone, the brain fags and the memory fails, and often they become weak, nervous, irritable, despondent and melancholy. When the iron goes from the blood of women, the roses go from their cheeks."

Dr. E. Sauer, a European Medical Author, says: "Nuxated Iron is a wonderful remedy. Not long ago a man came to me who was nearly half a century old and asked me to give him a preliminary examination for life insurance. I was astonished to find him with the blood pressure of a boy of twenty, and as full of vigor, vim and vitality as a young man. In fact, a young man he really was, notwithstanding his age. The secret, he said, was taking Nuxated Iron—a miracle of vitality, and strength beaming with the buoyancy of youth."

If people would only take Nuxated Iron when they feel weak or run-down, instead of doing themselves with habit-forming drugs, stimulants and alcoholic beverages, I am convinced that in this way they could ward off disease, preventing it becoming organic in thousands of cases, and thereby save the lives of thousands might be saved who die every year from pneumonia, grippe, kidney, liver, heart trouble and other dangerous maladies. The real true cause which started their disease was nothing more or less than a weakened condition brought on by a lack of iron in the blood. Thousands of people suffer from iron deficiency and do not know it. If you are not strong or well you owe it to yourself to make the following test: How long you can work or how far you can walk without becoming tired. Next take two five-grain tablets of Nuxated Iron three times per day after meals for two weeks. Then test your strength again and see how much you have gained."

NOTE—Nuxated Iron, which is prescribed and recommended above by physicians in such a great variety of cases is not a patent medicine nor secret remedy, but one which is well known to druggists everywhere. Unlike the older organic iron products, it is easily assimilated and does not injure the teeth, make them black nor upset the stomach; on the contrary, it is a most potent remedy in nearly all forms of indigestion as well as for nervous, run-down conditions. The manufacturers have such great confidence in Nuxated Iron that they offer to forfeit \$100.00 to any charitable institution if they cannot take a man or woman under 60 who lacks iron and increase their strength 100 per cent. or over in four weeks' time. Provided they have no serious organic trouble. They also offer to refund your money if it does not at least double your strength and endurance in ten days' time. It is dispensed by all good druggists. Dr. Anderson, Chattanooga, Tenn.—(Adv.)



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SOUTHERN RUBBER CO. INC.
OPPOSITE THE PATTEN